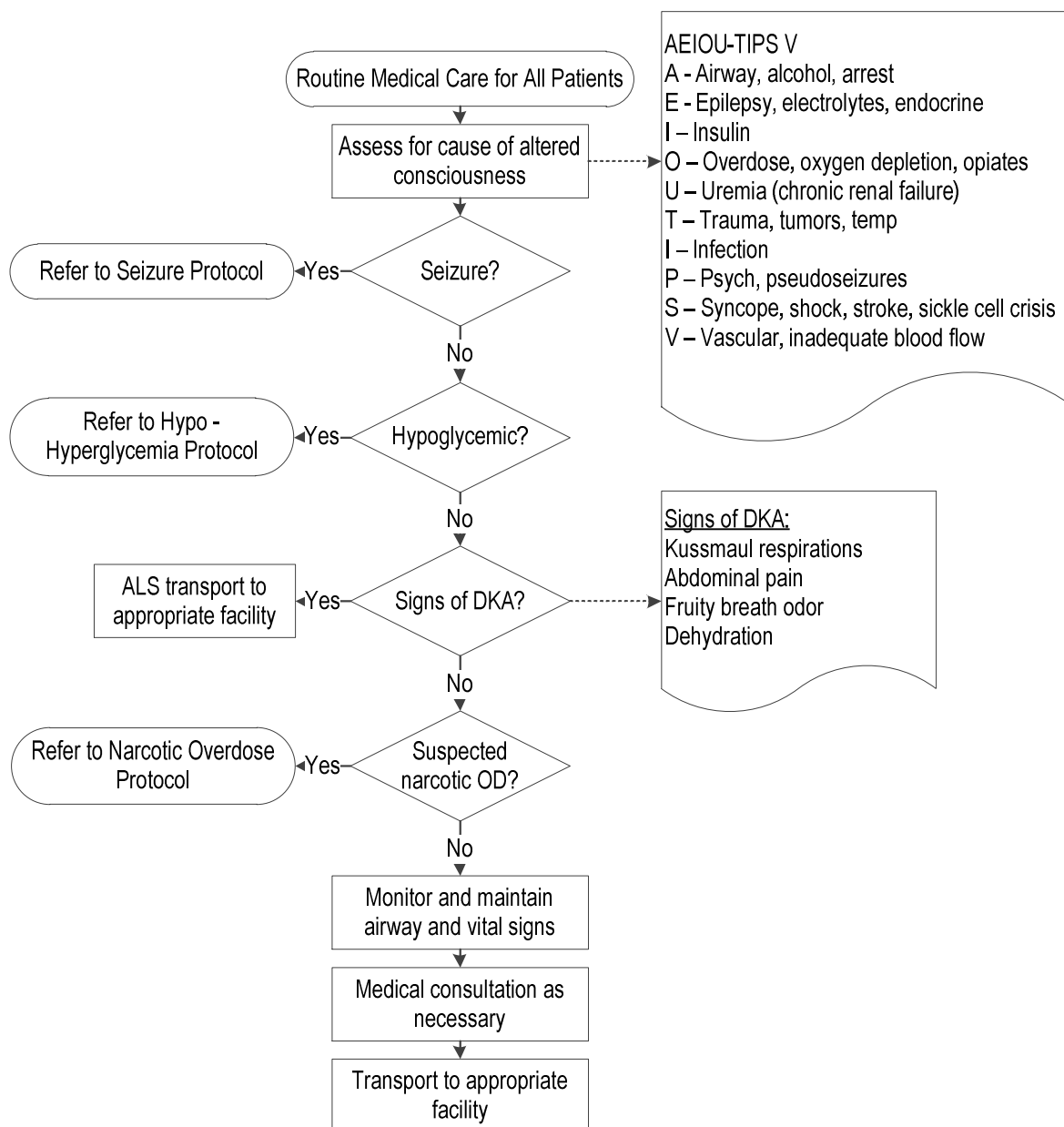


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**MILWAUKEE COUNTY EMS
PRACTICE GUIDELINE
ALTERED LEVEL OF
CONSCIOUSNESS**

Approved: M. Riccardo Colella, DO, MPH, FACEP
Page 1 of 1

History:	Signs/Symptoms:	Working Assessment:
History of seizure disorder Known diabetic History of substance abuse History of recent trauma Presence of medical alert ID	Unresponsive Bizarre behavior Cool, diaphoretic skin (hypoglycemia) Abdominal pain, Kussmaul respirations, warm & dry skin, fruity breath odor, dehydration (diabetic ketoacidosis)	Altered LOC Insulin shock Hypoglycemia Diabetic ketoacidosis Overdose



NOTES:

- If the patient is suspected of being unconscious due to a narcotic overdose, restraining the patient may be considered before administering naloxone.
- A 12-lead ECG should be obtained for all diabetic patients with atypical chest pain or abdominal pain or other symptoms that may be consistent with atypical presentation of angina or acute coronary syndrome.